

Access DB# 72332

## SEARCH REQUEST FORM

Paper #5 Attach.

## Scientific and Technical Information Center

Requester's Full Name: Bronwen Loeb Examiner #: 78225 Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Art Unit: 1636 Phone Number 301-605-1197 Serial Number: 09/894,423  
Mail Box and Bldg/Room Location: 11D-16 Results Format Preferred (circle): PAPER DISK E-MAIL  
11E-12

If more than one search is submitted, please prioritize searches in order of need.

\*\*\*\*\*

Please provide a detailed statement of the search topic, and describe as specifically as possible the subject matter to be searched. Include the elected species or structures, keywords, synonyms, acronyms, and registry numbers, and combine with the concept or utility of the invention. Define any terms that may have a special meaning. Give examples or relevant citations, authors, etc, if known. Please attach a copy of the cover sheet, pertinent claims, and abstract.

Title of Invention: \_\_\_\_\_

Inventors (please provide full names): Chiarello et alEarliest Priority Filing Date: June 28, 2001

\*For Sequence Searches Only\* Please include all pertinent information (parent, child, divisional, or issued patent numbers) along with the appropriate serial number.

Please do a chemical structure search on the linkers  
in Tables 1, 2 and 3.

Keywords: oligonucleotide  
solid support or solid phase  
label or (the actual label names in Tables 1, 2 and 3)  
esp. rhodamine, fluorescein

Attached: copy of Claims, Tables 1, 2 and 3

Point of Contact:  
Toby Port  
Technical Info. Specialist  
CM1 6A04  
703-308-3534

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Date Completed: <u>8/15/02</u>	Litigation _____	Lexis/Nexis _____
Searcher Prep & Review Time: <u>20</u>	Fulltext _____	Sequence Systems _____
Clerical Prep Time: _____	Patent Family _____	WWW/Internet _____
Online Time: <u>50</u>	Other _____	Other (specify) _____

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DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 14 AUG 2002 HIGHEST RN 443957-06-0

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 20, 2002

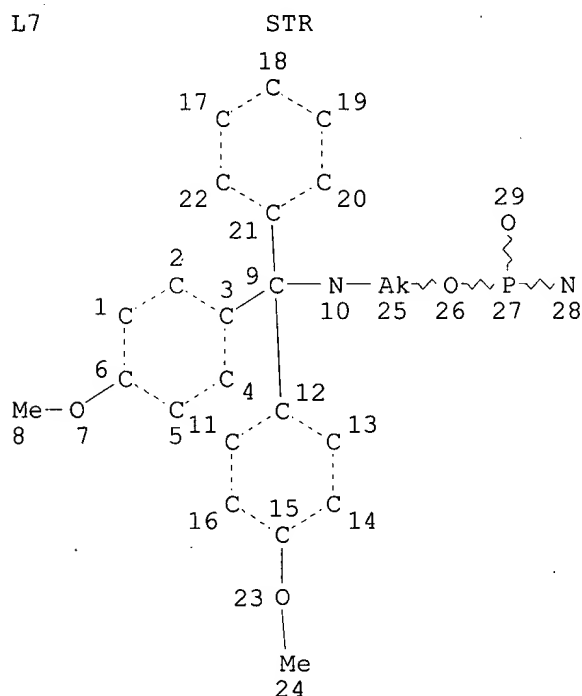
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Calculated physical property data is now available. See HELP PROPERTIES  
for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties in the CAS  
Registry File, for complete details:

<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf>

L7



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RSPEC I

NUMBER OF NODES IS 29

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L9 3 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L7

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3 ANSWERS

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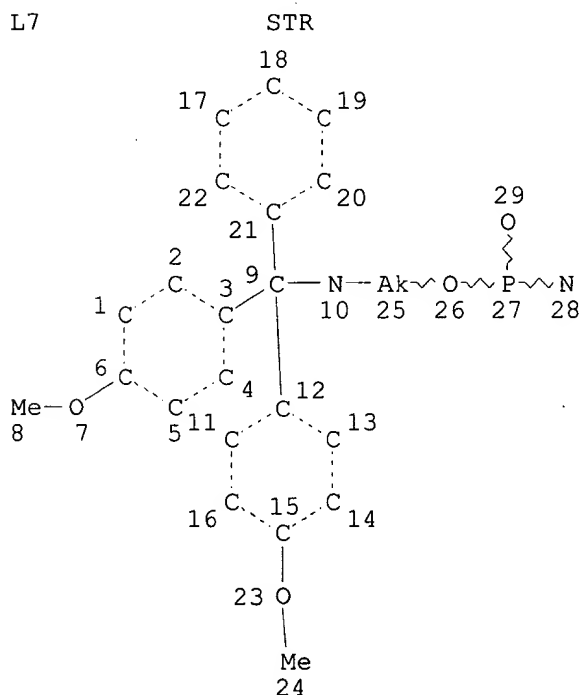
FILE COVERS 1907 - 15 Aug 2002 VOL 137 ISS 7

FILE LAST UPDATED: 14 Aug 2002 (20020814/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

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L7



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:  
RSPEC I  
NUMBER OF NODES IS 29

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L9 3 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L7  
L10 6 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L9

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L10 ANSWER 1 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:155072 CAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:235533  
TITLE: Versatile Linker Chemistry for Synthesis of  
3'-Modified DNA  
AUTHOR(S): Lyttle, Matthew H.; Adams, Howard; Hudson, Derek;  
Cook, Ronald M.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Biosearch Technologies Inc., San Rafael, CA, 94903,  
USA  
SOURCE: Bioconjugate Chemistry (1997), 8(2), 193-198  
CODEN: BCCHES; ISSN: 1043-1802  
PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English

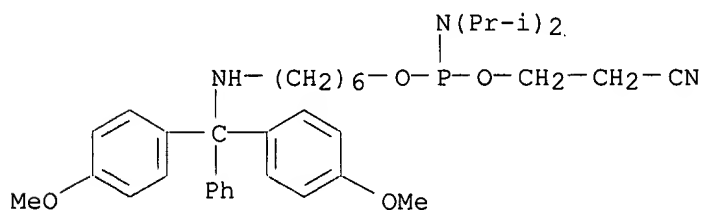
AB A general method is described for the solid phase supported synthesis of DNA contg. 3'-terminal phosphodiester modified with linkers bearing either amino, thiol, or hydroxyl groups. These products are all made from a common intermediate, obtained by the reaction of trimellitic anhydride chloride with aminopropyl CPG. The anhydride-derivatized support was then reacted with three appropriate bifunctional spacers, giving DMT-protected hydroxyl solid supports bearing the masked functionality as an ester, amide, or thio ester. DNA synthesis was then performed, followed by ammonia cleavage and deprotection, giving the hydroxyl-, amino-, or thiol-functionalized DNA 3'-phosphate diesters, resp. Test mononucleotides synthesized with each of the new supports were identical with control mononucleotides made with 5'-immobilized nucleosides and alkyl hydroxyl, alkyl amino, and alkyl thio phosphoramidites. The new supports were then used to prep. several 3'-modified oligonucleotides, which were characterized by gel electrophoresis, HPLC, and MALDI mass spectroscopy. The amino- and thiol-functionalized DNAs were conjugated with chromophores, and purifn. of these products was facilitated by use of reversed-phase cartridges.

IT 116919-15-4

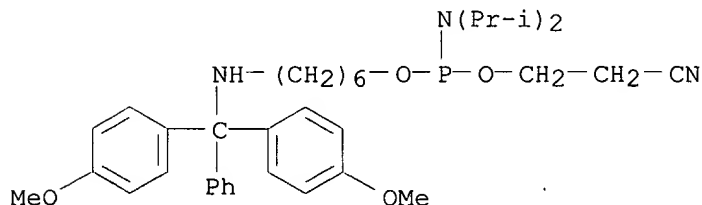
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(versatile linker chem. for 3'-modified DNA synthesis)

RN 116919-15-4 CAPLUS

CN Phosphoramidous acid, bis(1-methylethyl)-, 6-[[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]amino]hexyl 2-cyanoethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L10 ANSWER 2 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:500749 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:100749  
 TITLE: Light-generated oligonucleotide arrays for rapid DNA sequence analysis  
 AUTHOR(S): Pease, Ann Caviani; Solas, Dennis; Sullivan, Edward J.; Cronin, Maureen T.; Holmes, Christopher P.; Fodor, Stephen P. A.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Affymetrix, Santa Clara, CA, 95051, USA  
 SOURCE: Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U. S. A. (1994), 91(11), 5022-6  
 CODEN: PNASA6; ISSN: 0027-8424  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 AB In many areas of mol. biol. there is a need to rapidly ext. and analyze genetic information; however, current technologies for DNA sequence anal. are slow and labor intensive. The authors report here how modern photolithog. techniques can be used to facilitate sequence anal. by generating miniaturized arrays of densely packed oligonucleotide probes. These probe arrays, or DNA chips, can then be applied to parallel DNA hybridization anal., directly yielding sequence information. In a preliminary expt., a 1.28 .times. 1.28 cm array of 256 different octanucleotides was produced in 16 chem. reaction cycles, requiring 4 h to complete. The hybridization pattern of fluorescently labeled oligonucleotide targets was then detected by epifluorescence microscopy. The fluorescence signals from complementary probes were 5-35 times stronger than those with single or double base-pair hybridization mismatches, demonstrating specificity in the identification of complementary sequences. This method should prove to be a powerful tool for rapid investigations in human genetics and diagnostics, pathogen detection, and DNA mol. recognition.  
 IT **116919-15-4**  
 RL: RCT (Reactant)  
 (coupling reaction of, with methyl-nitropiperonyloxycarbonyl-N-acyl deoxyribonucleoside, for octadeoxyribonucleotide combinatorial library prepn. using photolithog.)  
 RN 116919-15-4 CAPLUS  
 CN Phosphoramidous acid, bis(1-methylethyl)-, 6-[[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]amino]hexyl 2-cyanoethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L10 ANSWER 3 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:126942 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:126942  
 TITLE: Probes and method for simultaneous detection of different DNA sequences  
 INVENTOR(S): Grossman, Paul David; Fung, Steven; Menchen, Steven Michael; Woo, Sam Lee; Winn-Deen, Emily Susan  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Applied Biosystems, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 84 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9320239	A1	19931014	WO 1993-US3229	19930402
W: JP				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
US 5470705	A	19951128	US 1992-866018	19920407
EP 635069	A1	19950125	EP 1993-912131	19930402
EP 635069	B1	19971029		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
JP 08504082	T2	19960507	JP 1993-517768	19930402
JP 2701092	B2	19980121		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1992-862642	19920403
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			WO 1993-US3229	19930402

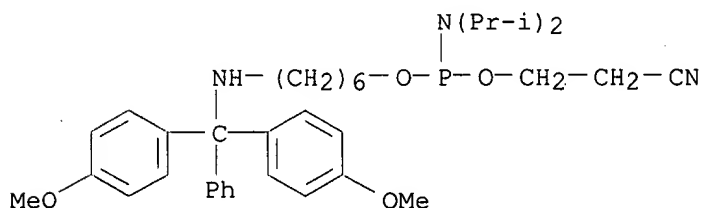
AB A method for simultaneous detection of .gtoreq.1 regions in a target polynucleotide is described. A plurality of different probe pairs are added to the target polynucleotide, each probe pair including 2 probes which are complementary to adjacent portions of a selected target sequence in the target polynucleotide. In each probe pair, one of the probes contains a non-polynucleotide polymer which imparts a distinctive electrophoretic mobility in a sieving matrix to the assocd. probe pair when the probe pairs are ligated. The other probe of the probe pair contains a detectable reporter label. After the probe pairs are hybridized to the target polynucleotide, the pairs hybridized to adjacent target sites are ligated. The ligated probe pairs are then released from the target polynucleotide and sepd. electrophoretically in a sieving matrix or chromatog. Two oligonucleotides designed to span the F508 region of the cystic fibrosis gene, one conjugated to an ethylene oxide polymer and the other conjugated to a fluorescent dye were prepd. This probe pair was used with a probe pair complementary to the same region of the cystic fibrosis gene on the opposite strand for ligase chain reaction detection of the cystic fibrosis mutation.

IT 116919-15-4P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. and reaction of, in prepn. of polyethylene oxide-  
 oligonucleotide conjugate for ligase chain reaction)

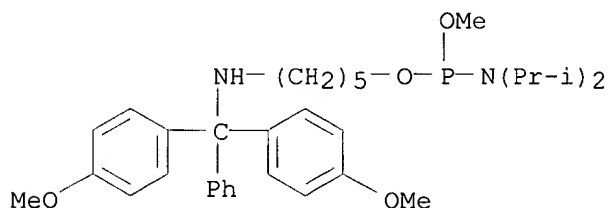
RN 116919-15-4 CAPLUS

CN Phosphoramidous acid, bis(1-methylethyl)-, 6-[[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]amino]hexyl 2-cyanoethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L10 ANSWER 4 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:608442 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 115:208442  
 TITLE: Introduction of 5'-terminal amino and thiol groups into synthetic oligonucleotides  
 AUTHOR(S): Gaur, R. K.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Univ. Delhi, Delhi, 110 007, India  
 SOURCE: Nucleosides Nucleotides (1991), 10(4), 895-909  
 CODEN: NUNUD5; ISSN: 0732-8311  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 115:208442  
 AB Oligonucleotides terminating in a 5'-primary amine group are synthesized using solid phase phosphoramidite chem. The 5'-terminal amine group in the deprotected oligonucleotide is further derivatized with N-succinimidyl-3-(2-pyridyldithio) propionate followed by treatment with dithiothreitol to produce 5'-thiol terminated oligonucleotides. Introduction of 5'-thiol group is further confirmed by reading the absorbance of the released chromophore, pyridine-2-thione at 343 nm;  $\epsilon_{343} = 8080/M$ .  
 IT 136852-11-4P  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and reaction of, in synthesis of oligonucleotides)  
 RN 136852-11-4 CAPLUS  
 CN Phosphoramidous acid, bis(1-methylethyl)-, 5-[[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]amino]pentyl methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L10 ANSWER 5 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:8304 CAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 110:8304  
 TITLE: The preparation and application of functionalized synthetic oligonucleotides: III. Use of H-phosphonate derivatives of protected amino-hexanol and mercapto-propanol or-hexanol  
 AUTHOR(S): Sinha, N. D.; Cook, R. M.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Chem. Div., Biosearch Inc., San Rafael, CA, 94901, USA  
 SOURCE: Nucleic Acids Res. (1988), 16(6), 2659-69  
 CODEN: NARHAD; ISSN: 0305-1048  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 AB Syntheses of H-phosphonate salts  $RX(CH_2)_nOPH(O)O^- QH^+[I, R = 9\text{-chloro-9-phenylxanthinyl}, (4\text{-MeOC}_6\text{H}_4)_2\text{CPh}, 4\text{-MeOC}_6\text{H}_4\text{CPh}_2; X = O, S; n = 6, 3; Q = (Me_2CH)_2\text{Net}, 1,8\text{-diazabicyclo}[5.4.0]\text{undec-7-ene}]$  of N- and S-protected alcs. such as 6-amino-hexan-1-ol, 3-mercaptopropan-1-ol and 6-mercaptohexan-1-ol are described using 2-chloro-5,6-benzo-1,3,2-phosphorin-4-one as the phosphorylating agent. I, in the presence of pivaloyl chloride or adamantoyl chloride as an activator, were coupled to the 5'-end of synthetic oligonucleotides on solid supports to produce amino or thio-linked oligonucleotides. Following deprotection and purifn., fluorescent dyes, biotin derivs. and poly-L-lysine-maleimide were

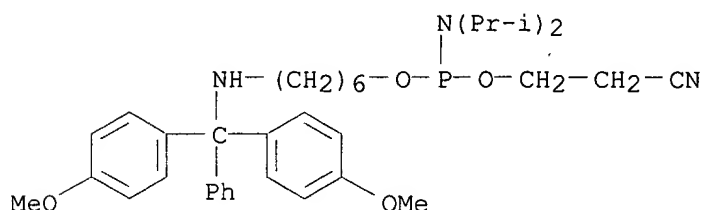
sep. attached to the functionalized oligonucleotides. Identical derivatized oligomers were obtained with cyanoethyl-N,N-diisopropylamidite chem. using  $R(CH_2)_nOP(OCH_2CH_2CN)N(CHMe_2)_2$  ( $R, n = \text{same as above}$ ).

IT **116919-15-4P**

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. and reaction of, with oligonucleotide)

RN 116919-15-4 CAPLUS

CN Phosphoramidous acid, bis(1-methylethyl)-, 6-[[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]amino]hexyl 2-cyanoethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L10 ANSWER 6 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:440272 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 107:40272

TITLE: Compositions and methods for functionalizing nucleic acids

INVENTOR(S): Snitman, David L.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): AMGEN, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 23 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

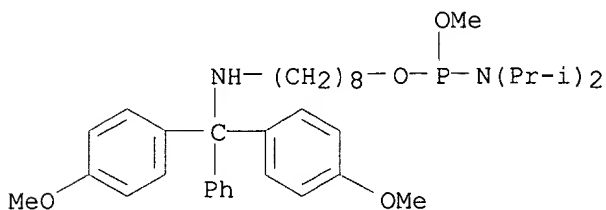
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 8607363	A1	19861218	WO 1986-US1290	19860613
W: JP				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LU, NL, SE				
US 4762779	A	19880809	US 1985-744508	19850613
IL 79111	A1	19910916	IL 1986-79111	19860612
EP 224578	A1	19870610	EP 1986-904012	19860613
EP 224578	B1	19900816		
EP 224578	B2	19941109		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
JP 62503099	T2	19871210	JP 1986-503417	19860613
JP 2534247	B2	19960911		
AT 55608	E	19900915	AT 1986-904012	19860613
CA 1303526	A1	19920616	CA 1986-511560	19860613
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1985-744508	19850613
			EP 1986-904012	19860613
			WO 1986-US1290	19860613

AB A method for 5'-labeling polynucleotides undergoing solid phase synthesis involves condensation of a phosphoramidite of an .omega.-hydroxyamine with a solid support-bound polynucleotide. Thus, a soln. of 0.76 mmol (Me<sub>2</sub>CH)<sub>2</sub>Net and 0.76 mmol [(Me<sub>2</sub>CH)<sub>2</sub>N]PClOMe in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> was added to a soln. of 0.72 mmol HO(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>8</sub>NHDMT (DMT = dimethoxytrityl) and the mixt. was stirred at 25.degree. for 40 min to give (Me<sub>2</sub>CH)<sub>2</sub>NPOMe[O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>8</sub>NHDMT], which was coupled by the phosphoramidite method to a polynucleotide



5'-p-ACCGAATGCTCCTACAACAAGTCTC-3' bound to a solid support.  
 IT 109055-40-5  
 RL: RCT (Reactant)  
 (condensation of, with solid support-bound polynucleotide)  
 RN 109055-40-5 CAPLUS  
 CN Phosphoramidous acid, bis(1-methylethyl)-, 8-[[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylmethyl]amino]octyl methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



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 FILE LAST UPDATED: 01 May 1997 (19970501/UP)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification. Title keywords, authors, patent assignees, and patent information, e.g., patent numbers, are now searchable from 1907-1966. TIFF images of CA abstracts printed between 1907-1966 are available in the PAGE display formats.

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Appln 09/894,423

Lyttle et al (1997) Bioconjugate Chemistry 8(2): 193-198

Pease et al (1994) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 91(11): 5022-5026

Gaur (1991) Nucleosides Nucleotides 10(4): 895-909

Sinha et al (1988) Nucleic Acids Research 16(6): 2659-2669